

9TH EUROGOOS INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE



A regional approach for operational ocean health information service

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Information service for ocean health

- **Scope**

- Marine pollution
- Ecosystem assessment and resilience
- Biodiversity

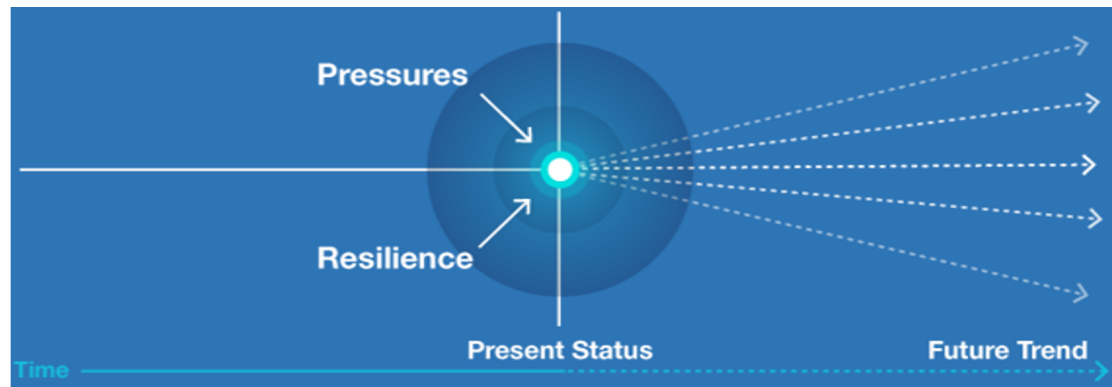
- **Time scale**

- Forecast (days to months)
- Interim reanalysis (1-12M)
- Scenario projections

- **Platform: Operational Ecology**

- **Objectives:**

- Predicting evolution of high impact events: oil/litter/nutrient pollution, algae bloom/oxygen depletion
- Rapid assessment of environment status in interim scales
- Ecosystem resilience to climate change, aqua-farm/fishing and offshore energy: scenario service



State-of-the-art on operational ecology

Observations

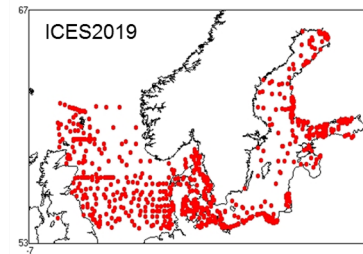
- Operational: BOOS – Argo, glider & FBs
- Environmental: HELCOM monitoring program
- Fishery: EMFF, ICES
- Commercial: fishing gears, gliders, sail drones, offshore platforms
- Research: RIs
- Satellite: High resol. Coastal-estuary data, bathymetry; hourly SST, SPM

Modelling:

- **BAL MFC**: NEMO-ERGOM-PDAF: BGC forecast & reanalysis
- **Member States**:
 - Open sea-coastal-estuary PHY-BGC modelling
 - Climate-Hydrological modelling
 - Climate-PHY-BGC-BIO-Socioeconomic modelling
 - E2E modelling Atlantis
 - Partical & tracer modelling (Oil spill/marine plastics/SPM)
 - Hindcast and projections (pre-operational) for BGC and BIO variables



Source:
EMODnet

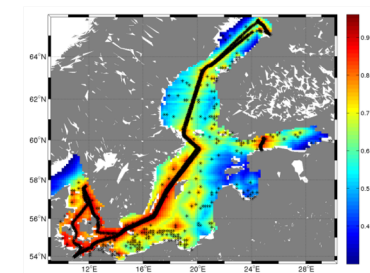


Source:
ICES

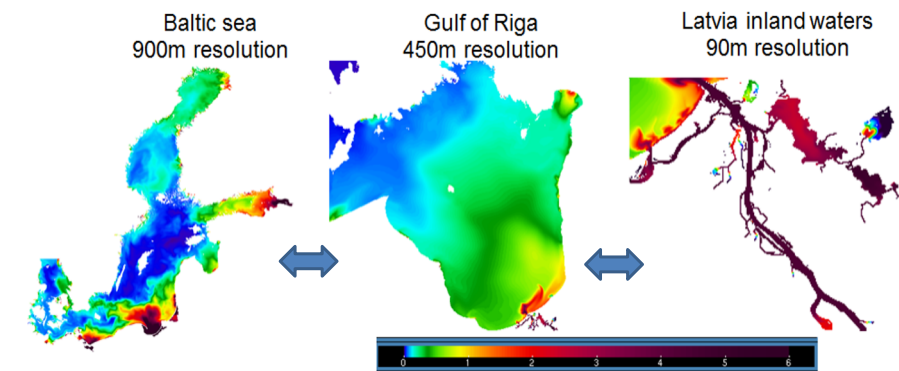
Chl-a data in the Baltic-North Sea

- EMODnet: R/Vs, Argo, Ferrybox, moorings
- ICES2019: R/Vs
- EMODnet and ICES data compensate each other

Effective coverage



Source: She
et al., 2014

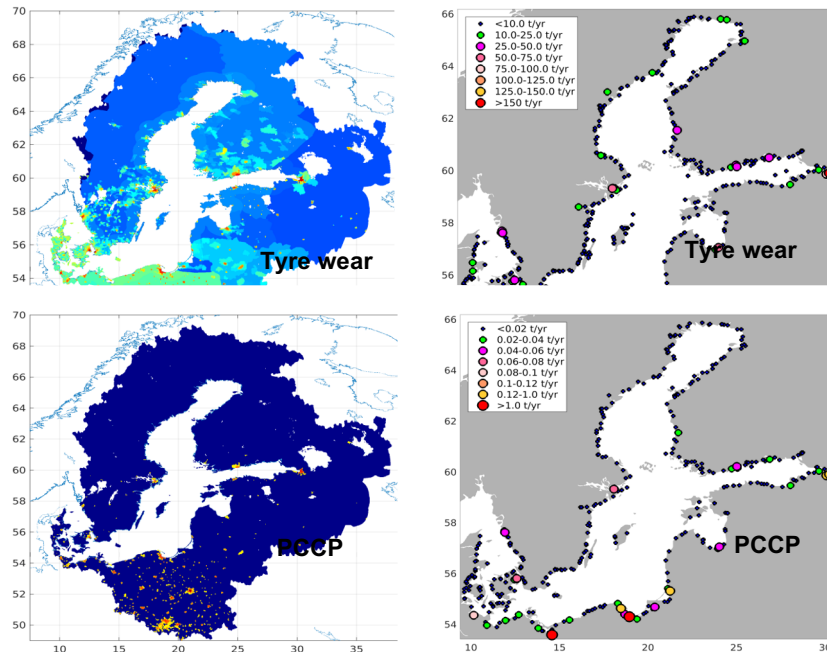




Progress on operational ecology: microplastic modelling

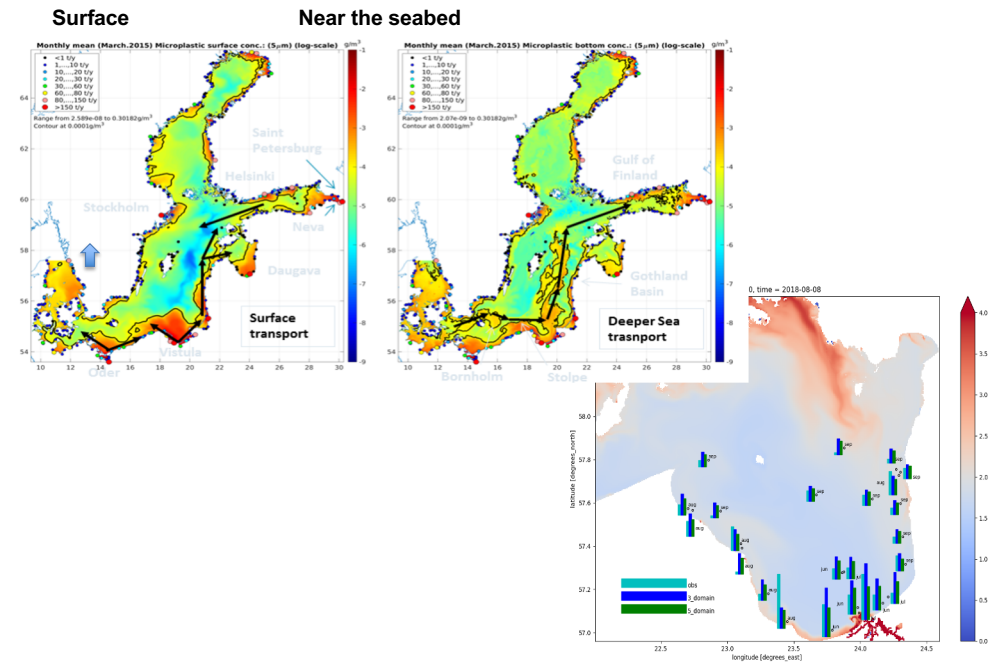
Source modelling:

- Tyre wear microplastic sources and pathway
- Laundry/PCCP microplastic sources and pathway



Fate modelling

- Hydrodynamics + tracers + biofouling, sedimentation
- Model and observation intercomparison in Gulf of Riga in 8 Aug. 2018: blue – HBM with 3 nested layers; green: HBM with 5 nested layers; light blue: observations > 300 µm. Correlation: 0.65





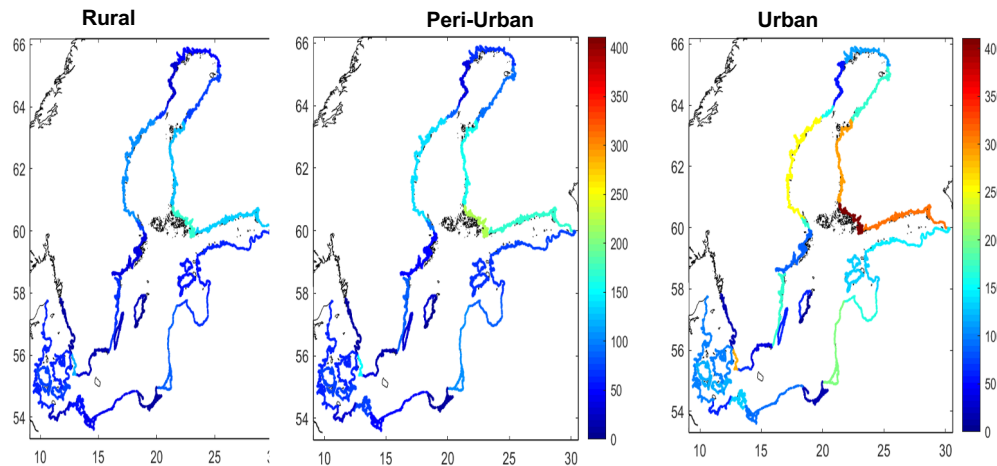
Progress on operational ecology: macroplastic modelling

Source modelling:

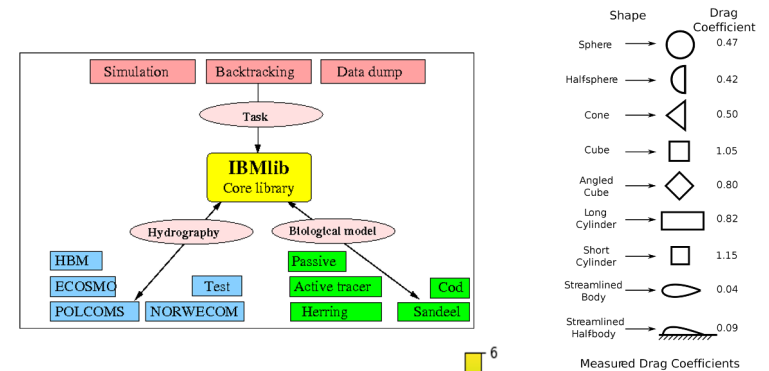
- Macroplastic mapping in the coast
- Macroplastic mapping from rivers

Fate modelling

- Lagrangian IBM: Dynamical resampling algorithm, Windage varying with shapes, Sinking/deposition: and Beaching

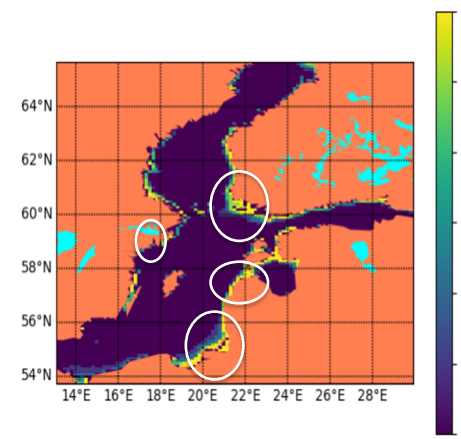


Macroplastic litter density (n/100 m)
 Left: rural beach; middle: peri-urban beach and right: urban beach.



Shape	Drag Coefficient
Sphere	0.47
Halfsphere	0.42
Cone	0.50
Cube	1.05
Angled Cube	0.80
Long Cylinder	0.82
Short Cylinder	1.15
Streamlined Body	0.04
Streamlined Halfbody	0.09

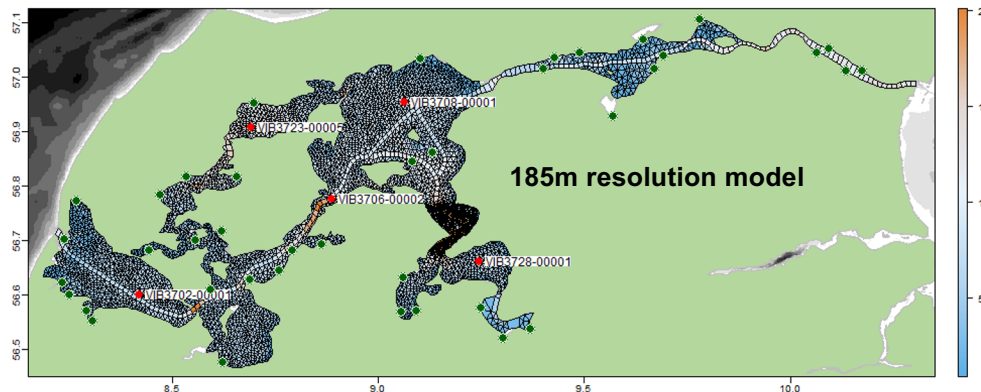
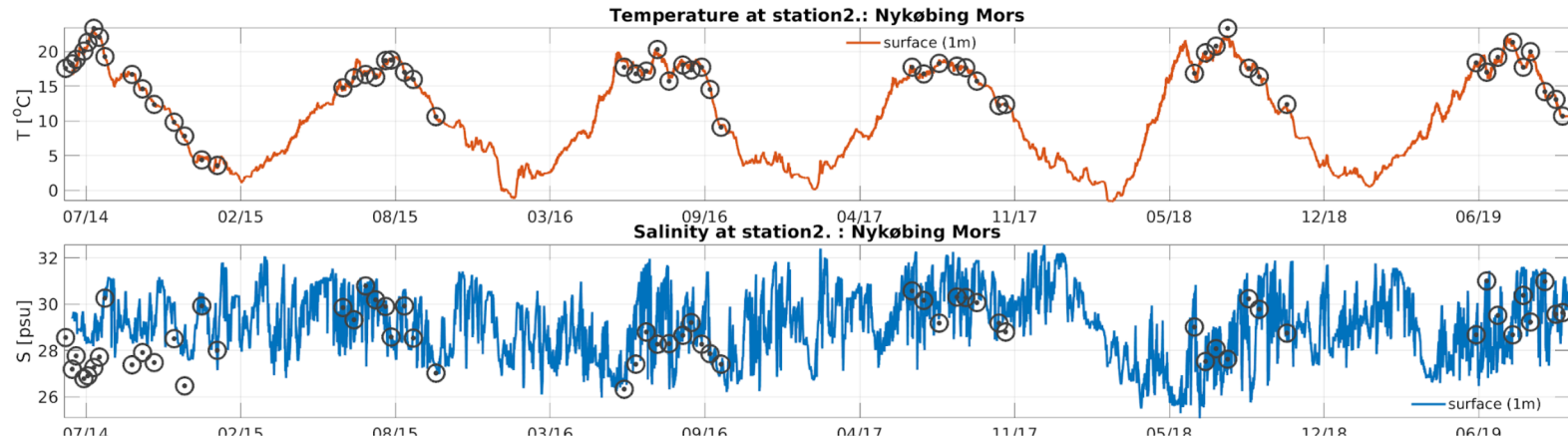
Measured Drag Coefficients



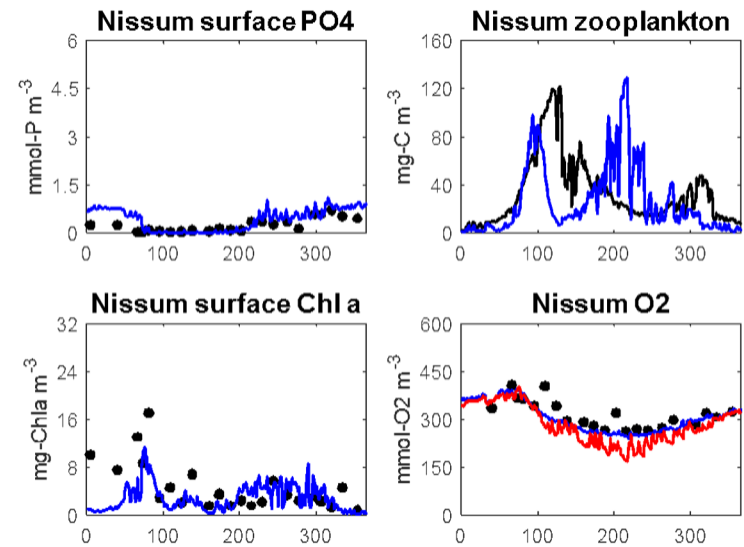
Simulated Baltic Sea macroplastic Distribution



Ecological service for Limfjord oyster farming



Source: Maar M., 2021





Gaps for Baltic Sea operational ecology

Observing and data management

- Significant data gaps in high tropic level
- Lack of integration for multi-sector BGC data and centralized, timely and quality-ensured data access

Use of BGC/BIO observations

- Few observations are used together with models or model data

Modelling

- Capability for predicting high impact BGC event is low
- Many modelling components have not been operationalized
- Model products are yet to be validated extensively

Significant knowledge gaps exist in many key processes.

Fit-for-purpose operational products are yet to be designed and developed



Research priorities for Baltic Sea operational ecology

Integrated observing and data management

- Provide centralized access to BGC/BIO from multi-sectors
- Improved timeliness and quality of BGC/BIO data
- Optimal sampling design to fill BGC/BIO data gaps

Operationalising seamless modelling system for

- High impact event BGC forecasting
- Rapid Environment Assessment in interim scale
- Future scenarios
- Pollutant transport

Use of BGC/BIO observations

- Fill knowledge gaps using high resolution and high frequency data from FB, bliders, Argo and satellite
- Further develop BGC/BIO Data assimilation
- Use more observations to improve model products (objective analysis, MME, ML/AI algorithms etc.)
- Uncertainty quantification

Fill knowledge gaps

- Nutrient cycle; Blue carbon cycle;
- Impact of flooding on coastal water quality
- Air-sea-optics-biological interaction in algae bloom development
- Interaction between climate, hypoxia and eutrophication
- Interaction between marine plastics and coastal habitat and sediments etc.

Fit-for-purpose products and services

- Rapid environment assessment
- Forecast of high impact events
- Products to support sectoral applications: fishery & Aquafarming, offshore energy, ecosystem management
- Ecosystem status assessment: ocean health indicators



Thank you!